

中國文化大學 九十三 學年度 第二學期 期末 考試試卷					
考試科目	任課老師	系級	考試日期	份數	備註
工程數學	陳為仁	機二 A	95/06/7	60	close books

1. Given a square matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (1) Find its eigenvalues and the associated eigenvectors. (14)
 - (2) Find a matrix \mathbf{P} that diagonalizes matrix \mathbf{A} . (3)
 - (3) $\mathbf{P}^{-1}\mathbf{AP} = ?$ (3)
2. Given a quadratic form $F = x_1^2 - 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2$.
- (1) Find a matrix \mathbf{A} such that quadratic form is $\mathbf{X}^t \mathbf{AX}$ with $\mathbf{X}^t = [x_1 \ x_2]$. (5)
 - (2) There exists a coordinate transformation $\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{QY}$ which transforms the given F to the standard form. Find the matrix \mathbf{Q} and the standard form. (6)
 - (3) Show that matrix \mathbf{Q} in (2) is an orthogonal matrix. (3)
3. Find the general solution of the following nonhomogeneous system of linear differential equations. (20)
- $$\begin{aligned} x'_1 &= 3x_1 + 3x_2 + 8 \\ x'_2 &= x_1 + 5x_2 + 4 \end{aligned}$$
4. Given: A curve C has parametric equations
- $$x = \cos(t) + t\sin(t), y = \sin(t) - t\cos(t), z = t^2 \text{ for } 1 \leq t \leq 5.$$
- (1) Find the length function $s(t)$ and calculate the length of curve C. (7)
 - (2) Find the curvature κ of curve C. (7)
5. Given a scalar function $\varphi(x, y, z) = xyz$. (12)
- (1) Compute $\nabla \varphi$
 - (2) Compute $\text{curl}(\nabla \varphi)$.
 - (3) Compute $\text{div}(\nabla \varphi)$.
6. Find the streamlines of the vector field $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = 1/x \vec{i} + e^x \vec{j} - \vec{k}$. (10)
7. 請回答下列有關矩陣的性質，正確者答「是」，反之答「否」。(注意：答錯者該子題除不計分外，並倒扣 2 分)(10)
- (1) Matrix \mathbf{A} is an orthogonal matrix if and only if $\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \mathbf{A}^t$.
 - (2) Matrix \mathbf{A} is a symmetric matrix if and only if $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}^{-1}$.
 - (3) The eigenvalues of a real symmetric matrix are real.
 - (4) A complex matrix \mathbf{U} is unitary if and only if $\mathbf{U}^{-1} = \mathbf{U}^t$.
 - (5) A complex matrix \mathbf{H} is hermitian if and only if $\bar{\mathbf{H}} = \mathbf{H}^t$.